

Prairie Provident Resources Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

As at and for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

Dated: August 12, 2020

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

As at (\$000s)	Note	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS			
Cash		1,236	2,873
Restricted cash	7	4,917	4,917
Accounts receivable	18	8,010	8,667
Inventory		697	958
Prepaid expenses and other assets		2,330	3,282
Derivative instruments – current	18	7,794	11
Total current assets		24,984	20,708
Exploration and evaluation	4	8,744	10,183
Property and equipment	5	205,134	293,549
Right-of-use assets	6	4,992	6,119
Derivative instruments	18	799	332
Other assets		634	634
Total assets		245,287	331,525
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,886	18,479
Current portion of bank debt	7	76,500	—
Current portion of lease liabilities	9	2,483	2,520
Derivative instruments – current	18	_	4,325
Current portion of decommissioning liability	10	2,000	4,000
Warrant liability	8	—	84
Total current liabilities		97,869	29,408
Bank debt - non-current portion	7	43,555	113,595
Lease liabilities - non-current portion	9	3,895	5,121
Decommissioning liabilities	10	165,853	163,805
Other liabilities		6,274	6,018
Total liabilities		317,446	317,947
Commitments	19		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)			
Share capital	11	136,308	135,958
Warrants	11	1,103	1,103
Contributed surplus		2,724	2,919
Accumulated deficit		(212,499)	(126,872)
Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI")		205	470
Total (deficit) equity		(72,159)	13,578
Total liabilities and shareholders' (deficit) equity		245,287	331,525

Going concern (note 2b)

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors,

(signed)

(signed)

Patrick McDonald Chair of the Board of Directors and Director **Ajay Sabherwal** Chair of the Audit Committee and Director

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
REVENUE					
Oil and natural gas revenue	14	8,333	27,331	23,605	50,226
Royalties		(1,033)	(3,148)	(2,318)	(4,949)
Oil and natural gas revenue, net of royalties		7,300	24,183	21,287	45,277
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	18	(15,029)	5,316	12,576	(9,193)
Realized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	18	8,085	(1,427)	10,081	(1,554)
		356	28,072	43,944	34,530
EXPENSES					
Operating	15	8,030	11,829	18,818	24,424
General and administrative	16	1,473	2,235	3,490	4,348
Depletion and depreciation	5	6,531	10,486	15,500	19,780
Exploration and evaluation	4	608	217	1,556	313
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	6	526	686	1,126	1,372
Gain on property dispositions		(2)	(18)	(77)	(88)
Gain on warrant liability	8	_	(309)	(84)	(606)
Impairment (recovery) loss	4,5	(681)	_	76,587	_
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange		(3,361)	(1,799)	3,655	(3,200)
Change in other liabilities		_	(3,283)	_	(3,283)
Finance costs	17	4,683	4,487	8,949	8,788
Transaction, restructuring and other costs		108	374	113	826
Total expenses – net		17,915	24,905	129,633	52,674
Net (loss) earnings before taxes		(17,559)	3,167	(85,689)	(18,144)
Current tax recovery		_	_	(62)	_
Deferred tax recovery		_	(68)	_	(119)
Net tax recovery		_	(68)	(62)	(119)
Net (loss) earnings		(17,559)	3,235	(85,627)	(18,025)
Other comprehensive (loss) income					
Items that may be reclassified to net (loss) earnings:					
Foreign currency translation adjustment		232	_	(265)	_
Comprehensive (loss) income		(17,327)	3,235	(85,892)	(18,025)
Net (loss) earnings per share					
Basic	11	(0.10)	0.02	(0.50)	(0.11)
Diluted	11	(0.10)	0.01	(0.50)	(0.11)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (DEFICIT) (UNAUDITED)

(\$000s)	Note	Share Capital Amount	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	AOCI	Total Equity (Deficit)
Balance at December 31, 2019		135,958	1,103	2,919	(126,872)	470	13,578
Share-based compensation	11	_	_	179	—	_	179
Settlement of restricted share units ("RSU"), net of withholding tax	11	350	_	(374)	_	_	(24)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		_	_	_	_	(265)	(265)
Net loss		_	_	_	(85,627)	_	(85,627)
Balance at June 30, 2020		136,308	1,103	2,724	(212,499)	205	(72,159)

(\$000s)	Note	Share Capital Amount	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	AOCI	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018		136,145	1,440	1,859	(92,861)	468	47,051
Impact on transition to IFRS 16		—	_	—	(853)	_	(853)
Balance at January 1, 2019		136,145	1,440	1,859	(93,714)	468	46,198
Share issuance costs		(69)	_	_	—	_	(69)
Normal course issuer bid ("NCIB")		(510)	_	377	—		(133)
Share-based compensation		_	_	417	_	—	417
Settlement of restricted share units ("RSU"), net of withholding tax		178	_	(245)	_	_	(67)
Purchase of common shares for RSU settlement		(26)	_	_	_	_	(26)
Warrant expiries		_	(337)	337	_	—	_
Net loss		_	_	—	(18,025)	_	(18,025)
Balance at June 30, 2019		135,718	1,103	2,745	(111,739)	468	28,295

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net (loss) earnings		(17,559)	3,235	(85,627)	(18,025)
Adjustments for non-cash items:					
Impairment (recovery) loss	4,5	(681)	—	76,587	_
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivative instruments	18	15,029	(5,316)	(12,576)	9,193
Depletion and depreciation	5	6,531	10,486	15,500	19,780
Depreciation on right-of-use asset	6	526	686	1,126	1,372
Exploration and evaluation expense	4	608	217	1,556	313
Accretion and non-cash financing charges	17	1,329	1,617	2,679	3,218
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		(3,506)	(1,721)	3,514	(3,042)
Change in other liabilities		_	(3,283)	_	(3,283)
Gain on sale of properties		(2)	(18)	(77)	(88)
Gain on warrant liability	8	_	(309)	(84)	(606)
Deferred tax recovery		_	(73)	_	(124)
Share-based compensation	12	78	231	164	343
Settlements of decommissioning liabilities	10	(651)	(305)	(1,355)	(3,301)
Deferred interest on Senior Notes and Revolving Facility	7	2,760	500	3,281	993
Other, net		(24)	13	(27)	28
Change in non-cash working capital	13	(687)	(4,136)	1,372	(11,840)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities		3,751	1,824	6,033	(5,069)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Debt issuance costs		_	(58)	(133)	(289)
Share issuance costs		_	(60)	_	(69)
Purchase of common shares under NCIB	11	_	—	_	(133)
Purchase of common shares for RSU settlement		_	—	_	(26)
Withholding taxes on settlement of share-based compensations	12	_	_	(24)	(54)
Lease payments	9	(789)	(951)	(1,627)	(1,902)
Change in Revolving Facility borrowings	7	(313)	3,066	(1,094)	12,977
Net cash (used in) from financing activities		(1,102)	1,997	(2,878)	10,504
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	4	(24)	(562)	(117)	(731)
Property and equipment expenditures	5	(343)	(2,676)	(3,740)	(6,150)
Asset disposition (net of acquisition)		2	8	159	78
Change in non-cash working capital	13	(2,151)	(245)	(1,094)	(1,267)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,516)	(3,475)	(4,792)	(8,070)
Change in cash and restricted cash		133	346	(1,637)	(2,635)
Cash and restricted cash, beginning of period		6,020	5,969	7,790	8,950
Cash and restricted cash, end of period		6,153	6,315	6,153	6,315

See accompanying notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Prairie Provident Resources Inc. ("PPR" or the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the province of Alberta on July 29, 2016. Its principal office is located at 640 – 5th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta. The Company's common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "PPR".

PPR is an independent oil and natural gas exploration, development and production company. PPR's reserves, producing properties and exploration prospects are located primarily in the provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, Saskatchewan and in the Northwest Territories. The Company conducts certain of its operating activities jointly with others through unincorporated joint arrangements and these condensed interim consolidated financial statements reflect only the Company's share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses under these arrangements. The Company conducts all of its principal business in one reportable segment.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements (the "Interim Financial Statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of PPR as at and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the notes thereto (the "Annual Financial Statements"). The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting, estimation and valuation policies described in the Annual Financial Statements.

The Interim Financial Statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of PPR on August 12, 2020.

(b) Going Concern

These Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that PPR will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The oil and natural gas commodity price environment has been extremely volatile and depressed over the last few years. PPR has, to the best of its ability, managed through this low commodity price environment by maintaining an active risk management program and by managing a capital program with cash flows, debt and equity capital. However, the recent downfalls in global oil prices resulted in deterioration in the fair value of its reserves and the Company's projected cash flows over the next 12 months. Such forecasts may change based upon actual revenue received during the year, changes in future oil and natural gas pricing and future business plans.

At June 30, 2020, the amount outstanding on the senior secured revolving note facility ("Revolving Facility"), which matures on April 30, 2021, aggregated to US\$57.0 million. Though the Revolving Facility provides a borrowing base of US\$60.0 million, PPR agreed to not make further advance under the Revolving Facility effective April 2020. As the maturity date is within 12 months from June 30, 2020, the total amount outstanding under the Revolving Facility has been reclassified to current liabilities as at June 30, 2020 (Note 7). While PPR and its lenders continue to work towards a long-term solution on the credit facilities, there is no assurance that PPR will be able to further renew, extend or replace the credit facilities on terms that are favorable to the Company. The Revolving Facility is subject to semi-annual reviews of the borrowing base. A lender redetermination of the Revolving Facility borrowing base, originally scheduled for March 31, 2020, has been temporarily deferred. The lenders are, however, entitled to proceed with a redetermination at their discretion. The lenders also have sole discretion on the determination of the borrowing base, which is based predominately on the amount of the Company's proved developed producing oil and natural gas reserves. The Company agreed to direct excess funds, after payment of all operating, G&A and other costs of conducting our business, to the repayment of borrowings on the Revolving Facility and to not make any requests for further advances under that facility. The current state of the Canadian energy industry coupled with significant declines in

commodity prices since December 31, 2019 have negatively impacted the available amount of credit facilities within the industry. Both the Revolving Facility and Senior Notes have financial covenants as more fully described in the Annual Financial Statements. At current forecasted forward prices for crude oil, Management is forecasting a breach in certain covenants within the next 12 months.

Furthermore, there are no assurances that the lenders will maintain the borrowing base at current levels, which may result in a borrowing base shortfall. If the Company cannot repay a borrowing base shortfall, it would represent an event of default under both the Revolving Facility and the Senior Notes. In such case, the lenders have the right to demand immediate repayment of all amounts owed under both facilities.

Due to these factors, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These Interim Financial Statements do not include adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset and liabilities and related expenses that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business at amounts different from those in the accompanying Interim Financial Statements. Such adjustments could be material.

(c) Basis of Measurement

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for derivative instruments and warrant liability that are measured at fair value.

(d) Functional and Presentation Currency

The Interim Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars (CAD), which is also the Company's functional currency. All references to US\$ or USD are to United States dollars.

(e) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of Interim Financial Statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies are outlined in the Annual Financial Statements.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak a Public Health Emergency of International Concern and, on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of COVID-19 include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. These measures have caused, and will continue to cause significant disruption to business operations and a significant increase in economic uncertainty, with reduced demand for commodities leading to volatile prices and currency exchange rates, and a decline in long-term interest rates. The Company's operations are particularly sensitive to a reduction in the demand for, and prices of, crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids which are closely linked to PPR's financial performance. In addition to the impact on commodity prices and commodity sales from production amounts, COVID-19 has created many uncertainties in the crude oil and natural gas industry with respect to increased counterparty credit risk and valuation of long-lived petroleum and natural gas assets. The potential direct and indirect impacts of the economic downturn have been considered in management's estimates, and assumptions at period end have been reflected in our results.

The COVID-19 pandemic is an evolving situation that will continue to have widespread implications for our business environment, operations and financial condition. Management cannot reasonably estimate the length or severity of this pandemic, or the extent to which the disruption may materially impact our financial results in 2020.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's significant accounting policies under IFRS are presented in Note 3 to the Annual Financial Statements. Certain information and disclosures normally required to be included in the notes to the Annual Financial Statements prepared in accordance with IFRS have been condensed or omitted in the Interim Financial Statements.

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

(\$000s)

Cost Balance – December 31, 2019	66,799
Additions	117
Exploration and evaluation expense	(1,556)
Cost Balance – June 30, 2020	65,360
Provision for impairment – June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019	(56,616)
Net book value – December 31, 2019	10,183
Net book value – June 30, 2020	8,744

Exploration and evaluation ("E&E") assets consist of the Company's undeveloped land and exploration and pilot projects which are pending the determination of proven or probable reserves.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, PPR recognized \$1.6 million (June 30, 2019 - \$0.3 million) of E&E expense related to surrendered leases in various areas. PPR did not capitalize any directly attributable general and administrative expenses or share-based compensation to E&E assets (June 30, 2019 - nil).

As at June 30, 2020, the Company assessed its E&E assets for indicators of impairment and did not note any indicators of impairment that resulted in the need to perform impairment tests as at June 30, 2020.

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Production and	Office	
(\$000s)	Development	Equipment	Total
Cost:			
Balance – December 31, 2019	675,931	4,654	680,585
Additions	3,840	3	3,843
Acquisitions and dispositions	(219)	_	(219)
Adjustments due to change in estimates in decommissioning liabilities (Note 10)	66	_	66
Balance – June 30, 2020	679,618	4,657	684,275
Accumulated impairment, depletion and depreciation:			
Balance – December 31, 2019	(383,210)	(3,826)	(387 <i>,</i> 036)
Depletion and depreciation	(15,383)	(135)	(15,518)
Impairment loss	(76,587)	—	(76,587)
Balance – June 30, 2020	(475,180)	(3,961)	(479,141)
Net book value – December 31, 2019	292,721	828	293,549
Net book value – June 30, 2020	204,438	696	205,134

(a) Capitalization of General and Administrative and Share-Based Compensation Expenses

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, \$0.2 million (December 31, 2019 \$1.6 million) of directly attributable general and administrative expenses, including a nominal amount (December 31, 2019 - \$0.1 million) of share-based compensation expenses, were capitalized to property and equipment.

(b) Impairment

As at June 30, 2020, the Company assessed its production and development assets for indicators of impairment or impairment recovery and did not note any indicators.

At March 31, 2020, the decreases in crude oil and natural gas benchmark prices as compared to December 31, 2019 were considered indicators of impairment for the property and equipment. As a result, the Company completed impairment tests on all of its cash generating units ("CGU's") in accordance with IAS 36 and determined that the carrying amounts of certain the CGUs did exceed their fair value less costs of sale ("FVLCD"). The FVLCD values used to determine the recoverable amounts of the Company's CGUs are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 3(g) of the Annual Financial Statements for information on fair value hierarchy) as certain key assumptions are not based on observable market data but rather the Company's best estimate. The FVLCD was estimated using an after-tax discount rate of 12.5%.

As a result of the impairment test at March 31, 2020, PPR recognized a total of \$76.6 million (2019 - \$nil) non-cash impairment loss. Under IFRS, impairment losses related to PP&E may be reversed in future periods if commodity price forecasts improve. At March 31, 2020, a one percent point change in the discount rate would result in a \$3.3 million impairment expense or recovery and a five percent change in the forecasted cash flows would result in a \$2.8 million impairment expense or recovery.

Impairment loss by CGU was as follows:

Six months ended (\$000s)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
EVI CGU	51,719	_
Princess CGU	5,790	_
Provost CGU	12,982	—
Other CGU	6,096	_
Total impairment loss	76,587	_

The following table outlines benchmark prices and assumptions, based on the forecast provided by our independent reserve evaluator Sproule Associates Limited., used in completing the impairment tests as at March 31, 2020.

	WTI (\$US/bbl)	Edmonton Light (\$CAD/bbl)	AECO (\$CAD/ MMBtu)	Exchange rate (\$US equals, \$1CAD)	Inflation rate
2020	25.00	24.29	1.43	0.70	— %
2021	37.00	43.15	2.05	0.73	1 %
2022	48.00	58.67	2.33	0.75	2 %
2023	48.96	59.84	2.41	0.75	2 %
2024	49.94	61.04	2.48	0.75	2 %
2025	50.94	62.26	2.56	0.75	2 %
Thereafter (inflation percentage)	2%	2%	3%	0.75	2 %

6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

(\$000s)	Office Leases	Facility Lease	Other Leases	Total
Cost:				
Balance – December 31, 2019	1,862	6,687	313	8,862
Balance – June 30, 2020	1,862	6,687	313	8,862
Accumulated depreciation:				
Balance – December 31, 2019	(990)	(1,605)	(148)	(2,743)
Depreciation	(250)	(802)	(74)	(1,126)
Balance – June 30, 2020	(1,240)	(2,407)	(222)	(3,869)
Net book value – December 31, 2019	872	5,082	165	6,119
Net book value – June 30, 2020	622	4,279	91	4,992

7. BANK DEBT

(\$000s)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Revolving Facility (including US\$26.8 million and CAN\$40.5 million of borrowings, plus US\$0.1 million and CAN\$0.2 million of deferred interest)	77,388	76,377
Senior Notes (US\$28.4 million of principal plus US\$4.6 million of deferred interest)	44,959	40,300
Unamortized deferred financing fees	(1,569)	(2,154)
Unamortized value allocated to Warrant Liability	(723)	(928)
Total bank debt outstanding	120,055	113,595
Bank debt due within one year	76,500	_
Bank debt due beyond one year	43,555	113,595

(a) Revolving Facility

The maturity date of the Revolving Facility is April 30, 2021. As the maturity date is within 12 months from June 30, 2020, the total outstanding amount under the facility has been reclassified to current liabilities as at June 30, 2020. Amounts borrowed under the Revolving Facility bear interest based on reference bank prime lending rates, LIBOR or CDOR rates in effect from time to time, plus an applicable margin. Applicable Margins for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 was set at 500 bps. Effective April 1, 2020, PPR agreed to a 200 bps margin increase on outstanding advances, bringing the total margin on the secured debt to 700 bps until such time the borrowing base is redetermined. The 200 bps margin increase is paid-in-kind and added to the outstanding principal of the Revolving Facility.

The Revolving Facility is denominated in USD, but accommodates CAD advances up to the lesser of CAN\$54 million or US\$30 million. As at June 30, 2020, the Company had US\$56.8 million (CAN\$77.0 million equivalent) drawn under the Revolving Facility, comprised of US\$26.8 million of USD denominated notes (CAN\$36.5 million equivalent using the June 30, 2020 month end exchange rate of \$1.00 USD to \$1.36 CAD) and CAN\$40.5 million of CAD denominated notes (US\$30.0 million equivalent using exchange rate at the time of borrowing). In addition, the Company had deferred interest of CAN\$0.2 million (US\$0.1 million using the June 30, 2020 month end exchange rate) related to USD denominated borrowing and CAN\$0.2 million (US\$0.2 million using the June 30, 2020 month end exchange rate) related to CAD denominated borrowing. All notes were issued at par by PPR Canada and are guaranteed by Prairie Provident Resources Inc. and certain of its other subsidiaries and secured by a US\$200 million debenture.

The determination of the borrowing base is made by the lenders, at their sole discretion, taking into consideration the estimated value of PPR's oil and natural gas properties in accordance with the lenders' customary practices for oil and gas loans.

If a borrowing base deficiency exists because of a re-determination, the lender is required to notify the Company of such shortfall. The Company may repay the shortfall amount by either making one installment within 90 days or six equal consecutive monthly installments beginning within 30 days after the Company's receipt of the borrowing base deficiency notice.

A lender redetermination of the Revolving Facility borrowing base, originally scheduled for the spring of 2020, has been temporarily deferred. The Company agreed to direct excess funds, after payment of all operating, G&A and other costs of conducting our business, to the repayment of borrowings on the Revolving Facility and to not make any requests for further advances under that facility until the borrowing base is determined.

As at June 30, 2020, PPR had outstanding letters of credit of \$4.9 million. The letters of credit are issued by a financial institution at which PPR posted cash deposit to cover letters of credit. The related deposit is classified as restricted cash on the statement of financial position and the balance is invested in short-term market deposits with maturity dates of one year or less when purchased.

As at June 30, 2020, \$0.9 million of deferred costs related to the Revolving Facility was netted against its carrying value (December 31, 2019 – \$1.3 million).

(b) Subordinated Senior Notes

Original principal amount Senior Notes outstanding as at June 30, 2020 totaled US\$28.4 million (CAN\$38.6 million using the June 30, 2020 month end exchange rate of \$1.00 USD to \$1.36 CAD), bearing interest at 15% per annum. Until March 31, 2020, 10% per annum of interest on the Senior Notes was payable in cash, with the remaining 5% per annum deferred and added to the principal payable at maturity on October 31, 2021. In April 2020, the Senior Note holders agreed to payment-in-kind of all interest for the next payment date of April 30, 2020 and thereafter, such that the entire 15% per annum of interest is deferred and becomes payable upon the maturity date. As at June 30, 2020, total deferred interest was US\$4.6 million (CAN\$6.3 million using the June 30, 2020 month end exchange rate) (December 31, 2019 - US\$2.5 million), which is payable upon maturity of the Senior Notes.

As at June 30, 2020, \$0.7 million of deferred costs related to PPR's Senior Notes was netted against its carrying value (December 31, 2019– \$0.9 million).

(c) Covenants

The lenders under both the Revolving Facility and the Senior Notes agreed to waive application of all financial covenants for June 30, 2020.

8. WARRANT LIABILITY

		Warrant Expiring October 31, 2022		ng October 23
	Number of Warrants	Amount	Number of Warrants	Amount
PPR Warrant Liability, December 31, 2019	2,318	24	6,000	60
Fair value adjustment	—	(24)	_	(60)
PPR Warrant Liability, June 30, 2020	2,318	_	6,000	_

The fair value of the warrant liability as at June 30, 2020 was \$nil (December 31, 2019 - \$0.1 million).

9. LEASE LIABILITIES

(\$000s)	
Opening balance – December 31, 2019	7,641
Finance expense	364
Lease payments	(1,627)
Ending balance – June 30, 2020	6,378
Less: current portion	2,483
Ending balance – long-term portion	3,895

(\$000s)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Variable lease payments	506	1,189
Sublease income	(425)	(758)
Balance	81	431

The following table details the undiscounted cash flows of PPR's lease obligations, as at June 30, 2020:

(\$000s)	Under 1 Year	1-3 Years	4-5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Amount
Lease obligations	3,006	4,186	12	66	7,270	6,378

10. DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITIES

(\$000s)	
Total Balance – December 31, 2019	167,805
Liabilities incurred	88
Liabilities disposed - net	(138)
Settlements	(1,355)
Change in estimates	66
Accretion of decommissioning liabilities	1,387
Total Balance – June 30, 2020	167,853
Comprised of:	
Current portion – June 30, 2020	2,000
Long-term portion – June 30, 2020	165,853

Current portion – December 31, 2019	4,000
Long-term portion – December 31, 2019	163,805

The Company estimated the undiscounted and inflated total future liabilities to be approximately \$265.0 million (December 31, 2019 – \$266.4 million). Liability payments are estimated over the next 56 years with the majority of costs expected to be incurred over the next 26 years, of which \$18.0 million is estimated to be incurred over the next five years.

Decommissioning liabilities at June 30, 2020 were determined using risk-free rates of 1.5% - 1.7% (December 31, 2019 – 1.5% - 1.7%) and an inflation rate of 1.7% (December 31, 2019 – 1.7%).

11. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares.

(b) Units Outstanding

	Number of Shares (000s)	Amount <i>(\$000s)</i>
Common shares:		
PPR Shares, December 31, 2019	171,427	135,958
Issued for RSU settlements	638	374
Withholding taxes on RSU settlements	—	(24)
PPR Shares, June 30, 2020	172,065	136,308
	Number of Warrants (000s)	Amount <i>(\$000s)</i>
Warrants:		
Warrants, December 31, 2019	4,795	1,103
Warrants, June 30, 2020	4,795	1,103

Warrants, June 30, 2020

(c) (Loss) Earnings per Share

	Three Month June 3	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net (loss) earnings for the period	(17,559)	3,235	(85,627)	(18,025)
Weighted average number of common shares				
Basic	172,064	170,901	171,938	171,378
Diluted	172,064	176,532	171,938	171,378
Basic net (loss) earnings per share	(0.10)	0.02	(0.50)	(0.11)
Diluted net (loss) earnings per share	(0.10)	0.01	(0.50)	(0.11)

The weighted average diluted common shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 exclude the impact of outstanding equity settled awards issued under the Company's long-term incentive plans and warrants that were anti-dilutive.

12. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

(a) Stock Options

Under the Company's stock option plan, options granted vest evenly over a three year period and expire 5 years after the grant date. Each option entitles the holder to purchase one common share at the specified exercise price.

The following table summarizes the stock options outstanding and exercisable under the plan:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2019	3,932,319	0.48
Granted	2,633,673	0.05
Balance, June 30, 2020	6,565,992	0.31
Exercisable at June 30, 2020	2,481,999	0.63

The fair value of options granted in 2020 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions and resulting fair value:

Fair value of options per unit	\$0.02
Risk free interest rate	1.8%
Expected life of options (years)	3.6
Expected volatility	89.9%
Estimated forfeiture rate	1.5%
Dividend per share	_
Exercise price of option	\$0.05

(b) Performance Share Units

Under the Company's incentive security plan, performance share units ("PSUs") granted vest on a date specified under the grant agreement, no more than 3 years after the grant date. The number of common shares issued for each PSU is subject to a performance multiplier from 0 to 2 based on share performance relative to a selected peer group. PSUs may be settled in common shares or cash at the discretion of the Company; however, it is PPR's intention to settle the PSUs in common shares and the plan has accounted for as equity settled.

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there were no units outstanding. No units were granted during the first six months of 2020.

(c) Deferred Restricted Share Units

Deferred restricted share units ("DSUs") are granted under the Company's incentive security plan to non-management directors of the Company. DSUs vest in their entirety on the grant date and will be settled when a director ceases to be a member of the board of directors. DSUs may be settled in common shares or cash at the discretion of the Company; however, it is PPR's intention to settle the DSUs in common shares and the plan has been accounted for as equity settled.

The following table summarizes the DSUs outstanding under the plan:

DSUs
2,337,081
2,337,081

No units were granted during the first six months of 2020.

(d) Restricted Share Units

Restricted share units ("RSUs") are granted under the Company's incentive security plan to the Company's employees and management. RSUs vest evenly over a three-year period and will be settled in common shares or cash at the discretion of the Company; however, it is PPR's intention to settle the RSUs in common shares and the plan has been accounted for as equity settled.

	RSUs
Balance – December 31, 2019	3,191,103
Granted	975,435
Settled	(1,232,967)
Balance – June 30, 2020	2,933,571

The fair value at grant date for the RSUs awarded in 2020 was \$0.04 per unit.

Share-based Compensation Expense

	Three Months June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019
Shared based compensation expense:				
Included in G&A	78	195	179	418
Share-based compensation expense before capitalization	78	195	179	418
Capitalized during the period	_	36	(15)	(75)
Share-based compensation expense after capitalization	78	231	164	343

13. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

(a) Cash Flow Presentation

Changes in non-cash working capital and interest paid are summarized:

	Three Months June 30	2.1.0.00	Six Months June 30	
(\$000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019
Source (use) of cash:				
Accounts receivable	(414)	1,876	657	(3,519)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	918	617	1,233	256
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,358)	(6,492)	(1,593)	(15,013)
Foreign exchange on translation	16	_	(19)	_
Non-cash working capital acquired	_	(271)	_	(271)
Less: reclassification to long-term liabilities	_	(111)		5,440
	(2,838)	(4,381)	278	(13,107)
Related to operating activities	(687)	(4,136)	1,372	(11,840)
Related to investing activities	(2,151)	(245)	(1,094)	(1,267)
	(2,838)	(4,381)	278	(13,107)
Other:				
Interest paid during the period	1,313	2,354	3,688	4,452

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(b) Financial Liabilities Reconciliation

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities:

	Revolving Facility	Senior Notes
Balance as of December 31, 2019	75,094	38,501
Changes in cash flows	(1,094)	_
Deferred interest	393	2,888
Debt issuance costs	(133)	_
Non-cash changes		
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	1,714	1,769
Amortization of debt issuance costs	524	399
Balance as of June 30, 2020	76,498	43,557

14. REVENUE

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Crude oil	6,494	25,574	19,498	45,435	
Natural gas	1,642	1,226	3,592	3,767	
Natural gas liquid	197	531	515	1,024	
Oil and natural gas revenue	8,333	27,331	23,605	50,226	

Included in accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 was \$4.0 million (December 31, 2019 – \$6.5 million related to December 2019 production) of accrued oil and natural gas sales related to June 2020 production.

15. OPERATING EXPENSE

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Lease operating expense	6,047	9,287	14,644	18,576	
Transportation and processing	563	1,129	1,249	2,680	
Production and property taxes	1,420	1,413	2,925	3,168	
Operating expense	8,030	11,829	18,818	24,424	

16. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(\$000s)	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Salaries and benefits	847	1,416	1,959	3,090	
Share-based compensation	78	194	179	418	
Office rents and leases	197	119	433	252	
Professional fees	414	365	827	664	
Other – office	(20)	404	274	766	
	1,516	2,498	3,672	5,190	
Amounts capitalized to PP&E and E&E assets and Other	(43)	(263)	(182)	(842)	
General and administrative expense	1,473	2,235	3,490	4,348	

17. FINANCE COSTS

(\$000s)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Interest expense	3,353	2,872	6,269	5,574
Amortization of financing costs	362	403	718	768
Non-cash interest on lease liabilities (Note 9)	170	266	364	550
Non-cash interest on warrant liabilities	101	86	205	167
Accretion – decommissioning liabilities (Note 10)	694	826	1,387	1,664
Accretion – other liabilities	3	34	6	65
Finance cost	4,683	4,487	8,949	8,788

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FAIR VALUES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

At June 30, 2020, the fair value of the bank debt borrowings under PPR's Revolving Facility and Senior Notes was \$76.2 million and \$44.0 million, respectively. During the periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 of fair value hierarchy.

(b) Risk Management

(i) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's accounts receivable from joint operators and oil and natural gas marketers.

Cash and Restricted Cash

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk related to cash by depositing its excess cash only with financial institutions that have investment grade credit ratings. As of June 30, 2020, restricted cash included \$4.9 million of guaranteed investment certificates with maturity dates of one year or less (December 31, 2019 – \$4.9 million).

Accounts Receivable

Credit risk is typically considered to be low for the Company's accounts receivables pertaining to oil and natural gas marketing sales and derivative receivables due to PPR's processes for selecting credit-worthy counterparties and continuously monitoring its credit exposure. The remaining credit exposures relate primarily to receivables from joint venture partners. Credit risk related to joint venture receivables is mitigated by obtaining partner approval of significant capital expenditures prior to expenditure and in certain circumstances may require cash deposits in advance of incurring expenses on behalf of joint venture partners. PPR has the ability to withhold production from joint venture partners in the event of non-payment or may be able to register security on the assets of joint venture partners.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, global events have had, and are expected to continue to have a significant impact on companies and their credit risk, refer to Note 2(e). PPR has incorporated these factors into its assessment of expected credit loss at June 30, 2020.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for loans and receivables at the reporting date by type of customer was:

(\$000s)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Oil and natural gas marketing companies	3,960	6,601
Joint venture partners	1,110	1,091
Government agencies	25	484
Counterparties – derivative instruments	1,585	33
Other	1,330	458
Total accounts receivable	8,010	8,667

The Company's accounts receivable are aged as follows:

(\$000s)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Current (less than 90 days)	7,723	6,574
Past due (more than 90 days)	287	2,093
Total	8,010	8,667

PPR's allowance for doubtful accounts was \$0.1 million as at June 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019 – \$0.05 million). When determining whether amounts that are past due are collectible, management assesses the creditworthiness and past payment history of the counterparty, as well as the nature of the past due amount.

Derivatives

PPR executes its derivative contracts with credit-worthy counterparties believed to have low credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, all of the derivative counterparties have entered inter-creditor agreements with the Company's lender to eliminate the need to post any collateral.

The following is a summary of PPR's financial assets and financial liabilities that were subject to offsetting as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The net asset amounts represent the maximum exposure to credit risk for derivative instruments at each reporting date.

June 30, 2020 <i>(\$000s)</i>	Amount Offset Gross Gross Assets Assets I (Liabilities) (Liabilities)		
Current:			
Derivative instruments assets	9,084	(1,290)	7,794
Long-term:			
Derivative instruments assets – long-term	2,032	(1,233)	799

December 31, 2019 (\$000s)	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Amount Offset Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Net Amount Presented
Current:			
Derivative instruments assets	11	—	11
Derivative instruments liabilities	(4,793)	468	(4,325)
Long-term:			
Derivative instruments assets – long-term	1,368	(1,036)	332

(ii) Liquidity Risk & Capital Management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company addresses its liquidity risk through its capital management of cash, working capital, debt issuance and equity issuances along with its planned capital expenditure program.

PPR's objective when managing capital is to maintain a flexible capital structure and sufficient liquidity to meet its financial obligations and to execute its business plans. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, bank debt and working capital. The Company monitors its current and forecasted capital structure in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its oil and gas properties. Adjustments are made on an ongoing basis in order to meet its capital management objectives. Modifications to PPR's capital structure can be accomplished through issuing common shares, issuing new debt or replacing existing debt, adjusting capital spending and acquiring or disposing of assets, though there is no certainty that any of these additional sources of capital would be available if required, especially in the current economic environment.

Except for the non-current portion of lease liabilities, long-term other liabilities and non-current portion of bank debt, all of the Company's financial liabilities are due within one year from June 30, 2020. The Company believes that our derivative contracts, combined with our initiatives to reduce our capital, operating and G&A expenses, will provide the necessary liquidity to meet our short-term operational needs. However, the Revolving Facility matures on April 30, 2021 and there is no assurance that the Company will be able to further renew, extend or replace the facility on terms that are favorable to the Company. If not extended, the facility will cease to revolve and all outstanding advances will be repayable on the maturity date. The Company and its lenders continue to work towards a long-term solution on the credit facilities.

In addition, a lender redetermination of the Revolving Facility borrowing base, originally scheduled for March 31, 2020, has been temporarily deferred. The lenders are, however, entitled to proceed with a redetermination at their discretion. The lenders also have sole discretion on the determination of the borrowing base, which is based predominately on the amount of the Company's proved developed producing oil and natural gas reserves. There are no assurances that the lenders will maintain the borrowing base at current levels, which may result in a borrowing base shortfall. If the Company cannot repay a borrowing base shortfall, it would represent an event of default under both the Revolving Facility and the Senior Notes. In such case, the lenders have the right to demand immediate repayment of all amounts owed under both facilities.

Further or prolonged deterioration in commodity prices, credit and equity markets due to COVID-19 will negatively impact the Company's liquidity and its ability to refinance its credit facilities. As such, the Company continues to pursue additional opportunities to access additional credit, credit support from recently announced programs from the Federal Government of Canada and is evaluating other sources of liquidity during the uncertain times created by the COVID-19 crisis.

(iii) Commodity Price Risk

PPR enters into derivative instruments to manage its exposure to commodity price risk caused by fluctuations in commodity prices, which have served to protect and provide certainty on a portion of the Company's cash flows. The following lists the fair value of all derivative contracts by commodity type in place at the following balance sheet dates:

June 30, 2020	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Derivative instruments – current asset	7,794	—	7,794
Derivative instruments – long-term assets	799	_	799
Total assets	8,593	_	8,593

December 31, 2019	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Derivative instruments – current assets	-	11	11
Derivative instruments – current liabilities	(4,325)	—	(4,325)
Derivative instruments – long-term assets	332	—	332
Total (liabilities) assets	(3,993)	11	(3,982)

The following shows the breakdown of realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized by commodity type for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Realized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	8,189	(104)	8,085
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments	(15,019)	(10)	(15,029)
Total loss	(6,830)	(114)	(6,944)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Realized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	(1,674)	247	(1,427)
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments	4,760	556	5,316
Total gain	3,086	803	3,889
Six months ended June 30, 2020	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Realized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	10,240	(159)	10,081
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	12,587	(11)	12,576
Total gain (loss)	22,827	(170)	22,657
Six months ended June 30, 2019	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total
(\$000s)			
Realized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	(2,172)	618	(1,554)
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments	(8,717)	(476)	(9,193)
Total (loss) gain	(10,889)	142	(10,747)

The following table summarizes commodity derivative transactions as at June 30, 2020:

Remaining Term	Reference	Total Daily Volume (bbl)	Weighted Average Price/bbl	
Crude Oil Swaps				
July 1, 2020 - September 30, 2020	US\$ WTI	400	\$50.75	
October 1, 2020 - December 1, 2020	US\$ WTI	400	\$50.50	
July 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020	US\$ WTI	500	\$55.00	
Crude Oil Sold Call Options				
July 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	US\$ WTI	400	\$60.50	
Crude Oil Collars				
July 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	US\$ WTI	175	\$49.00/54.75	
July 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020	US\$ WTI	500	\$50.00/59.00	
July 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020	US\$ WTI	700	\$50.00/65.00	
Crude Oil Three-way Collars				
January 1, 2021 – March 31, 2021	US\$ WTI	200	\$45.50/52.50/65.00	
January 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021	US\$ WTI	650	\$40.00/50.00/64.25	

19. COMMITMENTS

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, there was no material change to the Company's commitments or contingencies as disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements.